

## Comparaison des courbes terminales

### Centres de masse d'ordre deux

#### Conditions de Keelhoff

#### Caractéristiques du spiral

➔ Référence : E:\Résonateur (TA)\Data\Bal\_spiral cylindrique (ex num).mcd(R)

➔ Référence : E:\Résonateur (TA)\Data\Définition Atan.mcd(R)

**Dimensions**       $\epsilon p = 0.09 \text{ mm}$        $ha = 0.334 \text{ mm}$        $S = 0.03 \text{ mm}^2$        $R_0 = 5 \text{ mm}$        $TOL := 10^{-12}$

**Elinvar**       $\rho_s = 8 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^{-3} \cdot \text{kg}$        $E = 1.7 \times 10^{11} \text{ Pa}$        $G = 6.538 \times 10^{10} \text{ Pa}$

**Parie cylindrique**       $\psi_0(n_s) := n_s \cdot 360 \cdot \text{deg}$        $L(n_s) := R_0 \cdot \psi_0(n_s)$

$r_s(\alpha) := R_0$        $s(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot \alpha$        $x_{0s}(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot \cos(\alpha)$        $y_{0s}(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot \sin(\alpha)$

#### Courbes terminales en arc de cercle

**Courbe terminale externe**       $\beta := 121 \cdot \text{deg}$        $\beta_0 := \text{racine}[\beta \cdot (\sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(\beta) - 1) + \sin(\beta) \cdot \cos(\beta), \beta]$        $\beta_0 = 121.21 \text{ deg}$

$\alpha_A := \pi$        $r_t := \frac{R_0}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(\beta_0)}$        $x_{0t}(\alpha_t) := -R_0 + r_t \cdot (1 + \cos(\alpha_t))$        $y_{0t}(\alpha_t) := r_t \cdot \sin(\alpha_t)$        $l_t := r_t \cdot 2 \cdot \beta_0$

**Courbe terminale interne**       $\alpha_B(n_s) := \text{mod}(\psi_0(n_s) + \pi, 2 \cdot \pi)$

$x_{0t}(n_s, \alpha_t) := [R_0 + r_t \cdot (-1 + \cos(\alpha_t))] \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) - r_t \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s))$

$y_{0t}(n_s, \alpha_t) := [R_0 + r_t \cdot (-1 + \cos(\alpha_t))] \sin(\alpha_B(n_s)) + r_t \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s))$        $L_t(n_s) := 2 \cdot l_t + L(n_s)$

#### Centre de masse d'ordre 2

**Partie cylindrique**       $s_s(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot (\alpha - \pi) + l_t$        $z_{0s}(\alpha) := x_{0s}(\alpha) + i \cdot y_{0s}(\alpha)$

$Z_{2s}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_{\pi}^{\psi_0(n_s) + \pi} s_s(\alpha) \cdot z_{0s}(\alpha) \cdot R_0 d\alpha$

**Courbe terminale externe**       $\alpha_{tP} := \pi - 2 \cdot \beta_0$        $z_{0t}(\alpha_t) := x_{0t}(\alpha_t) + i \cdot y_{0t}(\alpha_t)$

$Z_{2t}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_{\alpha_{tP}}^{\pi} r_t \cdot (\alpha_t - \alpha_{tP}) \cdot z_{0t}(\alpha_t) \cdot r_t d\alpha_t$

**Courbe terminale interne**       $z_{0t}(n_s, \alpha_t) := x_{0t}(n_s, \alpha_t) + i \cdot y_{0t}(n_s, \alpha_t)$

$Z_{2t'}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_0^{2 \cdot \beta_0} (l_t + L(n_s) + r_t \cdot \alpha_t) \cdot z_{0t}(n_s, \alpha_t) \cdot r_t d\alpha_t$

**Spiral complet**       $Z_{AC}(n_s) := Z_{2t}(n_s) + Z_{2s}(n_s) + Z_{2t'}(n_s)$

## Courbes terminales formées de deux arcs de cercle

### Courbe terminale externe

$$\begin{aligned}
 r_{t1} &:= 0.8 & r_{t1} &:= \text{racine} \left[ (2 \cdot r_{t1} - 1)^4 - 4 \cdot (1 - r_{t1})^4 - \pi^2 \cdot r_{t1}^2 \cdot (1 - r_{t1})^2, r_{t1} \right] \cdot R_0 & r_{t1} &= 0.832 R_0 \\
 r_{t2} &:= 2 \cdot r_{t1} - R_0 & r_{t2} &= 0.665 R_0 & \beta_0 &:= \arctan \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot r_{t1}}{2 \cdot (R_0 - r_{t1})} \right] & \beta_0 &= 82.695 \text{ deg} & l_t &:= r_{t2} \cdot \beta_0 + \pi \cdot r_{t1} \\
 x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) &:= -R_0 + r_{t1} \cdot (1 + \cos(\alpha_t)) & y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) &:= r_{t1} \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \\
 x_{0t2}(\beta_t) &:= r_{t2} \cdot \cos(\beta_t) & y_{0t2}(\beta_t) &:= r_{t2} \cdot \sin(\beta_t) & \alpha_P &:= -\beta_0 & \alpha_P &= -82.695 \text{ deg}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Courbe terminale interne

$$\begin{aligned}
 \alpha_B(n_s) &:= \text{mod}(\psi_0(n_s) + \pi, 2 \cdot \pi) \\
 x_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t) &:= (R_0 - r_{t1} + r_{t1} \cdot \cos(\alpha_t)) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) - r_{t1} \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s)) \\
 y_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t) &:= (R_0 - r_{t1} + r_{t1} \cdot \cos(\alpha_t)) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s)) + r_{t1} \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) \\
 x_{0t'2}(n_s, \beta_t) &:= r_{t2} \cdot \cos(\beta_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s) + \pi) - r_{t2} \cdot \sin(\beta_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s) + \pi) \\
 y_{0t'2}(n_s, \beta_t) &:= r_{t2} \cdot \cos(\beta_t) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s) + \pi) + r_{t2} \cdot \sin(\beta_t) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s) + \pi) & L_t(n_s) &:= 2 \cdot l_t + L(n_s)
 \end{aligned}$$

## Centre de masse d'ordre 2

### Partie cylindrique

$$s_s(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot (\alpha - \pi) + l_t \qquad z_{0s}(\alpha) := x_{0s}(\alpha) + i \cdot y_{0s}(\alpha)$$

$$Z_{2s}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_{\pi}^{\psi_0(n_s) + \pi} s_s(\alpha) \cdot z_{0s}(\alpha) \cdot R_0 \, d\alpha$$

### Courbe terminale externe

$$\begin{aligned}
 z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) &:= x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) + i \cdot y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) & z_{0t2}(\beta_t) &:= x_{0t2}(\beta_t) + i \cdot y_{0t2}(\beta_t) \\
 Z_{2t}(n_s) &:= \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \left[ \int_0^{\pi} (r_{t1} \cdot \alpha_t + r_{t2} \cdot \beta_0) \cdot z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \cdot r_{t1} \, d\alpha_t + \int_{-\beta_0}^0 r_{t2} \cdot (\beta_0 + \beta_t) \cdot z_{0t2}(\beta_t) \cdot r_{t2} \, d\beta_t \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

### Courbe terminale interne

$$\begin{aligned}
 z_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t) &:= x_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t) + i \cdot y_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t) \\
 z_{0t'2}(n_s, \beta_t) &:= x_{0t'2}(n_s, \beta_t) + i \cdot y_{0t'2}(n_s, \beta_t) \\
 Z_{2t'1}(n_s) &:= \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_0^{\pi} (l_t + L(n_s) + r_{t1} \cdot \alpha_t) \cdot z_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t) \cdot r_{t1} \, d\alpha_t \\
 Z_{2t'2}(n_s) &:= \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_0^{\beta_0} (l_t + L(n_s) + r_{t1} \cdot \pi + r_{t2} \cdot \beta_t) \cdot z_{0t'2}(n_s, \beta_t) \cdot r_{t2} \, d\beta_t \\
 Z_{2t'}(n_s) &:= Z_{2t'1}(n_s) + Z_{2t'2}(n_s)
 \end{aligned}$$

### Spiral complet

$$Z_{2AC}(n_s) := Z_{2t}(n_s) + Z_{2s}(n_s) + Z_{2t'}(n_s)$$

## Courbes terminales formées de deux arcs de cercle et d'une droite

**Courbe terminale externe**  $r_t := 0.5 \cdot R_0$   $l_t := R_0 + \pi \cdot r_t$   $\alpha_A := \pi$

$$x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := r_t \cdot (1 + \cos(\alpha_t)) \quad y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := r_t \cdot \sin(\alpha_t) \quad x_{0t2}(x) := x \quad y_{0t2}(x) := r_t$$

$$x_{0t3}(\beta_t) := -r_t \cdot (1 + \sin(\beta_t)) \quad y_{0t3}(\beta_t) := r_t \cdot \cos(\beta_t)$$

**Courbe terminale interne**  $\alpha_B(n_s) := \text{mod}(\psi_0(n_s) + \pi, 2 \cdot \pi)$

$$x_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t') := x_{0t1}(\alpha_t') \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) - y_{0t1}(\alpha_t') \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s))$$

$$y_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t') := x_{0t1}(\alpha_t') \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s)) + y_{0t1}(\alpha_t') \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s))$$

$$x_{0t'2}(n_s, x) := x_{0t2}(x) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) - y_{0t2}(x) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s))$$

$$y_{0t'2}(n_s, x) := x_{0t2}(x) \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s)) + y_{0t2}(x) \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s))$$

$$x_{0t'3}(n_s, \beta_t') := x_{0t3}(\beta_t') \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) - y_{0t3}(\beta_t') \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s))$$

$$y_{0t'3}(n_s, \beta_t') := x_{0t3}(\beta_t') \cdot \sin(\alpha_B(n_s)) + y_{0t3}(\beta_t') \cdot \cos(\alpha_B(n_s)) \quad L_t(n_s) := 2 \cdot l_t + L(n_s)$$

## Centre de masse d'ordre 2

**Partie cylindrique**  $s_s(\alpha) := R_0 \cdot (\alpha - \pi) + l_t$   $z_{0s}(\alpha) := x_{0s}(\alpha) + i \cdot y_{0s}(\alpha)$

$$Z_{2s}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_{\pi}^{\psi_0(n_s) + \pi} s_s(\alpha) \cdot z_{0s}(\alpha) \cdot R_0 d\alpha$$

## Courbe terminale externe

$z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) := x_{0t1}(\alpha_t) + i \cdot y_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \quad z_{0t2}(x) := x_{0t2}(x) + i \cdot y_{0t2}(x) \quad z_{0t3}(\beta_t) := x_{0t3}(\beta_t) + i \cdot y_{0t3}(\beta_t)$

$$Z_{2t12}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \left[ \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} r_t \cdot \alpha_t \cdot z_{0t1}(\alpha_t) \cdot r_t d\alpha_t - \int_{r_t}^{-r_t} \left( r_t \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + r_t - x \right) \cdot z_{0t2}(x) dx \right]$$

$$Z_{2t}(n_s) := Z_{2t12}(n_s) + \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( r_t \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cdot r_t + r_t \cdot \beta_t \right) \cdot z_{0t3}(\beta_t) \cdot r_t d\beta_t$$

## Courbe terminale interne

$z_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t') := x_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t') + i \cdot y_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t')$

$z_{0t'2}(n_s, x') := x_{0t'2}(n_s, x') + i \cdot y_{0t'2}(n_s, x') \quad z_{0t'3}(n_s, \beta_t') := x_{0t'3}(n_s, \beta_t') + i \cdot y_{0t'3}(n_s, \beta_t')$

$$Z_{2t'1}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (l_t + L(n_s) + r_t \cdot \alpha_t') \cdot z_{0t'1}(n_s, \alpha_t') \cdot r_t d\alpha_t'$$

$$Z_{2t'2}(n_s) := \frac{-2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_{r_t}^{-r_t} \left( l_t + L(n_s) + r_t \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + r_t - x' \right) \cdot z_{0t'2}(n_s, x') dx'$$

$$Z_{2t'3}(n_s) := \frac{2}{L_t(n_s)^2} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( l_t + L(n_s) + r_t \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + 2 \cdot r_t + r_t \cdot \beta_{t'} \right) \cdot z_{0t'3}(n_s, \beta_{t'}) \cdot r_t d\beta_{t'}$$

$$Z_{2t'}(n_s) := Z_{2t'1}(n_s) + Z_{2t'2}(n_s) + Z_{2t'3}(n_s)$$

$$Z_{2ACD}(n_s) := Z_{2t}(n_s) + Z_{2s}(n_s) + Z_{2t'}(n_s)$$

### Comparaison des centres de masses du second ordre

$$n_s := 8, 8.02 \dots 12$$

